

Field 043: Science–Chemistry Assessment Blueprint

Domain I—Foundations of Science

- 0001 The Nature and Processes of Science (Standard 1)
- 0002 Central Concepts and Connections in Science (Standard 2)

Domain II—Atomic Structure and Matter

- 0003 Atomic Structure (Standard 3)
- 0004 The Properties of Matter (Standard 4)

Domain III—Chemical Reactivity

- 0005 Chemical Bonding (Standard 5)
- 0006 Chemical Reactions (Standard 6)
- 0007 Thermochemistry (Standard 7)

Domain IV—Organic Chemistry

0008 Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry (Standard 8)

Domain V—Science Instruction and Assessment

0009 Science Instruction and Assessment (Standard 9)

	Domain	Objectives	Standards	Approximate Test Weight
I.	Foundations of Science	0001–0002	1–2	10%
H.	Atomic Structure and Matter	0003–0004	3–4	28%
III.	Chemical Reactivity	0005–0007	5–7	42%
IV.	Organic Chemistry	0008	8	10%
V.	Science Instruction and Assessment	0009	9	10%

Standard 1: The Nature and Processes of Science

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of the nature of science and the processes of scientific inquiry, including:

- **<u>1.1</u>** the characteristics, assumptions, and goals of science
- **1.2** the tentative nature of scientific knowledge, which is subject to change as new evidence, new tools, or new ways of thinking become available
- **<u>1.3</u>** the formulation of testable hypotheses and the principles and procedures for designing and conducting scientific investigations
- **<u>1.4</u>** common tools, materials, and technology used in chemistry investigations
- **<u>1.5</u>** the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and communication of scientific data, including the use of technology
- **<u>1.6</u>** the safe execution of laboratory exercises and the safe storage and disposal of chemicals
- **1.7** the role and applications of mathematics in science
- **<u>1.8</u>** the characteristics and uses of various sources of scientific information and the evaluation of scientific information, claims, and arguments
- **1.9** the role of peer review and critical evaluation of the results of scientific investigations, models, and explanations

Standard 2: Central Concepts and Connections in Science

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of the core ideas in other science disciplines and of the relationships between science, engineering, technology, and society, including:

- 2.1 the unifying concepts and processes that cut across the sciences and engineering
- 2.2 the basic concepts and major principles of life science
- 2.3 the basic concepts and major principles of physics
- 2.4 the basic concepts and major principles of Earth and space science
- <u>2.5</u> the basic characteristics, principles, and goals of the engineering, or technological, design process
- **<u>2.6</u>** the interconnections between the various disciplines of science
- 2.7 the interrelationships between science and technology
- **<u>2.8</u>** the social, cultural, and ethical aspects of science, engineering, and technology
- **<u>2.9</u>** the historical development of important ideas in science from different periods and cultures

Standard 3: Atomic Structure

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of the structure of atoms, including:

- **<u>3.1</u>** the mass, charge, and arrangement of subatomic particles
- 3.2 historical and contemporary models of atomic structure
- 3.3 electron configurations of atoms and ions and the relationship to chemical behavior
- 3.4 the relationship between subatomic particles and the organization of the periodic table
- 3.5 periodic trends in physical and chemical properties
- **3.6** the properties of radioactive materials, including nuclear stability, half-life, and the types of emissions resulting from radioactive decay
- 3.7 the nature of nuclear reactions and the processes of fission and fusion

Standard 4: The Properties of Matter

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of the states of matter and their characteristic properties, including:

- **<u>4.1</u>** the principles of kinetic molecular theory
- **4.2** the movement, arrangement, and interaction of particles in the solid, liquid, gas, and plasma states of matter
- **<u>4.3</u>** the characteristics of elements, molecules, ions, compounds, and mixtures
- 4.4 the chemical and physical properties of matter and the nature of chemical and physical changes of matter
- **<u>4.5</u>** the application of the gas laws to chemical systems
- **<u>4.6</u>** the composition of solutions, suspensions, and colloids
- 4.7 the colligative properties of solutions, the factors that affect solubility, and units of concentration
- **<u>4.8</u>** the rules of nomenclature for inorganic substances

Standard 5: Chemical Bonding

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of the principles of chemical bonding and the characteristics of intermolecular forces, including:

- 5.1 the characteristics of ionic bonds, covalent bonds, and metallic bonds and the principles of chemical bonding
- 5.2 the use of Lewis structures to represent the chemical bonding in a molecule
- **5.3** the application of the valence-shell electron-pair repulsion (VSEPR) model, valence bond theory, and molecular orbital theory
- 5.4 the determination of molecular geometry of molecules and ions
- 5.5 the characteristics of different types of intermolecular forces such as dipole-dipole, dispersion, and hydrogen bonding
- 5.6 the relationship between intermolecular forces and the properties of matter

Standard 6: Chemical Reactions

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of common inorganic chemical reaction types and the principles of chemical reactivity, including:

- 6.1 the basic types of inorganic chemical reactions and the possible indications of a chemical reaction
- 6.2 the mole concept and its use in chemical calculations such as limiting reagents, theoretical yield, and percent yield
- 6.3 the law of conservation of mass and its application in balancing chemical equations
- 6.4 collision theory and the factors that affect reaction rates
- <u>6.5</u> chemical kinetics, including reaction rates, rate constants, rate laws, reaction order, and basic reaction mechanisms
- **<u>6.6</u>** the dynamic nature of chemical equilibrium, equilibrium constants, and the factors that affect chemical equilibrium
- **<u>6.7</u>** the Arrhenius, Brønsted-Lowry, and Lewis definitions of acids and bases and the determination of pH and pOH of strong and weak acids and bases
- 6.8 the workings of buffer systems and the principles and applications of acid-base titration
- **6.9** the principles and applications of electrochemistry, including electrolytic and galvanic cells, cell potentials, and cell equilibrium

Standard 7: Thermochemistry

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of the laws of thermodynamics and how they apply to chemical systems, including:

- **<u>7.1</u>** the principles and applications of the three laws of thermodynamics
- 7.2 forms of energy and the transformation of energy from one form to another
- 7.3 the concepts of heat and temperature
- **<u>7.4</u>** the use of calorimetry to determine the amount of heat absorbed or released in chemical reactions and physical processes
- 7.5 the energy changes associated with the formation and breaking of chemical bonds
- **<u>7.6</u>** the energy changes associated with chemical reactions and physical processes
- **7.7** free energy and the spontaneity of chemical reactions

Standard 8: Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of organic chemistry and biochemistry, including:

- **8.1** the chemical bonding characteristics of the carbon atom, including single bonds, hybridization, and multiple bonds
- 8.2 the composition, structure, and properties of organic compounds
- **8.3** the naming of organic compounds and functional groups
- **<u>8.4</u>** the basic types of organic reactions and the reactants and products of common reaction types
- **<u>8.5</u>** cellular respiration, fermentation, photosynthesis, and major anabolic and catabolic pathways
- **<u>8.6</u>** the structure and properties of nucleic acids, amino acids, proteins, carbohydrates, lipids, and polymers and their role in biochemical processes

Standard 9: Science Instruction and Assessment

Chemistry teachers have a broad and comprehensive understanding of content-specific instruction and assessment in science, including:

- 9.1 the Indiana Revised Academic Standards for Science
- **9.2** the National Science Education Standards, the NCATE/NSTA Standards for Science Teacher Preparation, the Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts & Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects, and the ISTE National Educational Technology Standards for Teachers
- <u>9.3</u> instructional strategies and resources for promoting students' development of conceptual understanding, inquiry skills, and scientific habits of mind
- **<u>9.4</u>** strategies and skills for planning and designing science instruction, including the use of techniques and approaches that meet the needs of diverse learners
- **9.5** instructional strategies and communication methods that encourage active inquiry, supportive interaction, and collaboration in the science classroom
- 9.6 strategies and resources for promoting students' reading, writing, and mathematics skills in science
- **<u>9.7</u>** strategies and skills for selecting, adapting, and using technological resources to enhance teaching and learning in science
- 9.8 procedures, resources, and guidelines for maintaining a safe science learning environment
- <u>9.9</u> strategies and skills for effectively assessing student understanding and mastery of essential science concepts and skills